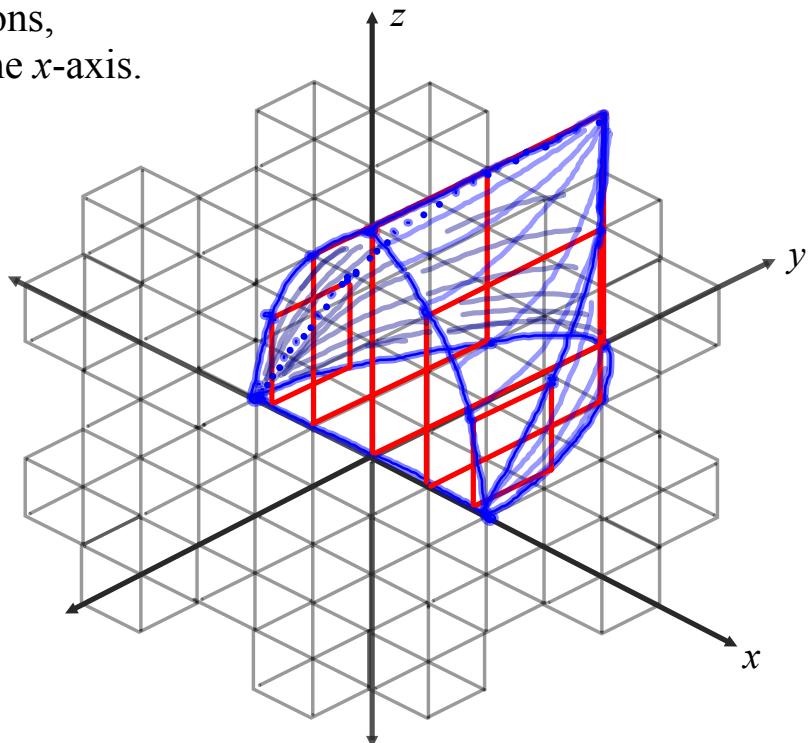


## Calculus AB

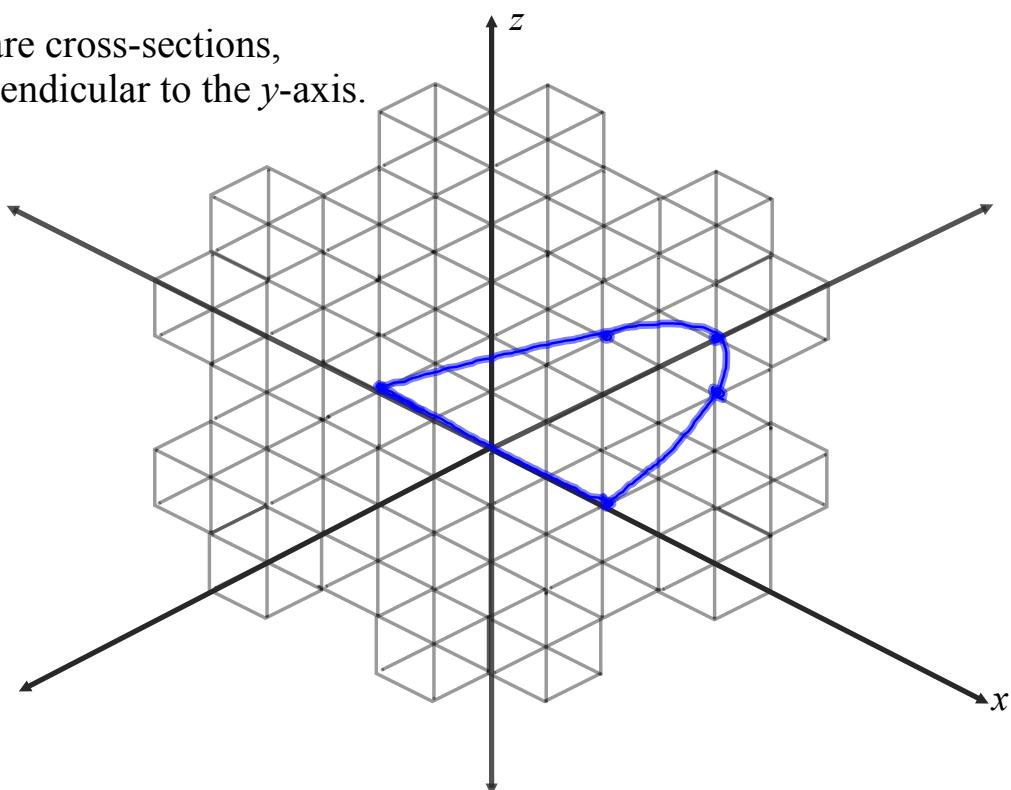
7-2a  
Cross Sections

Find each volume using the area of the known cross-section.

- 1)  $y = 4 - x^2$ ; square cross-sections,  
 $y = 0$  perpendicular to the  $x$ -axis.



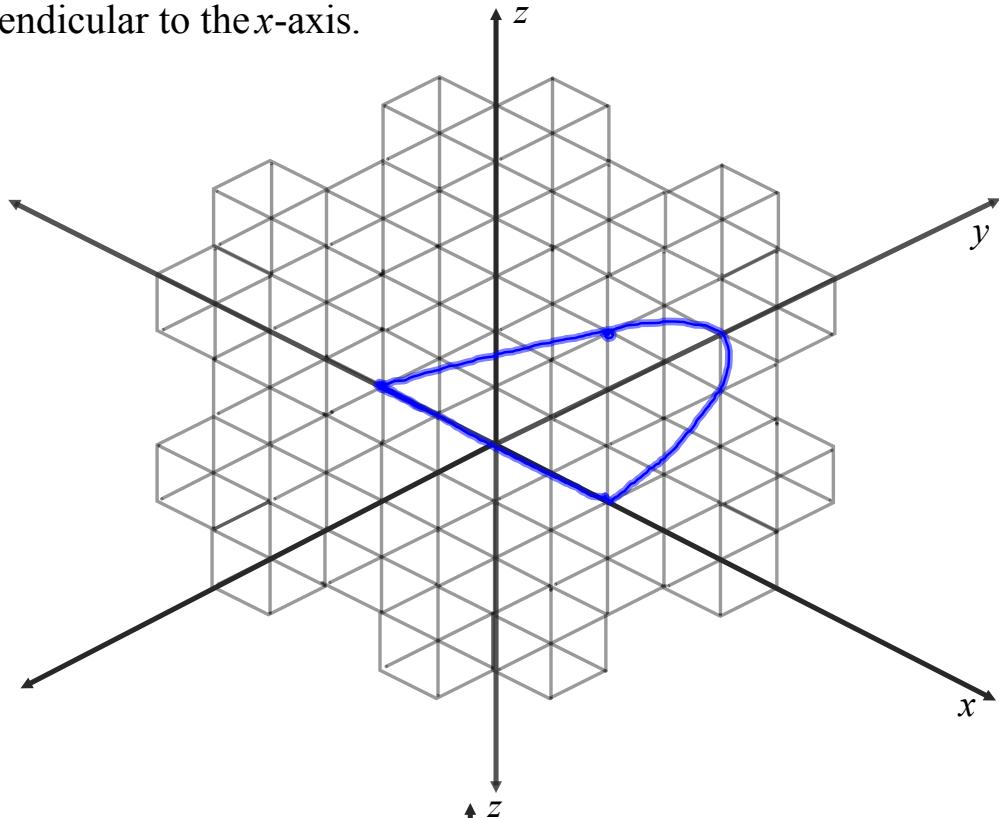
- 2)  $y = 4 - x^2$ ; square cross-sections,  
 $y = 0$  perpendicular to the  $y$ -axis.



Find each volume using the area of the known cross-section.

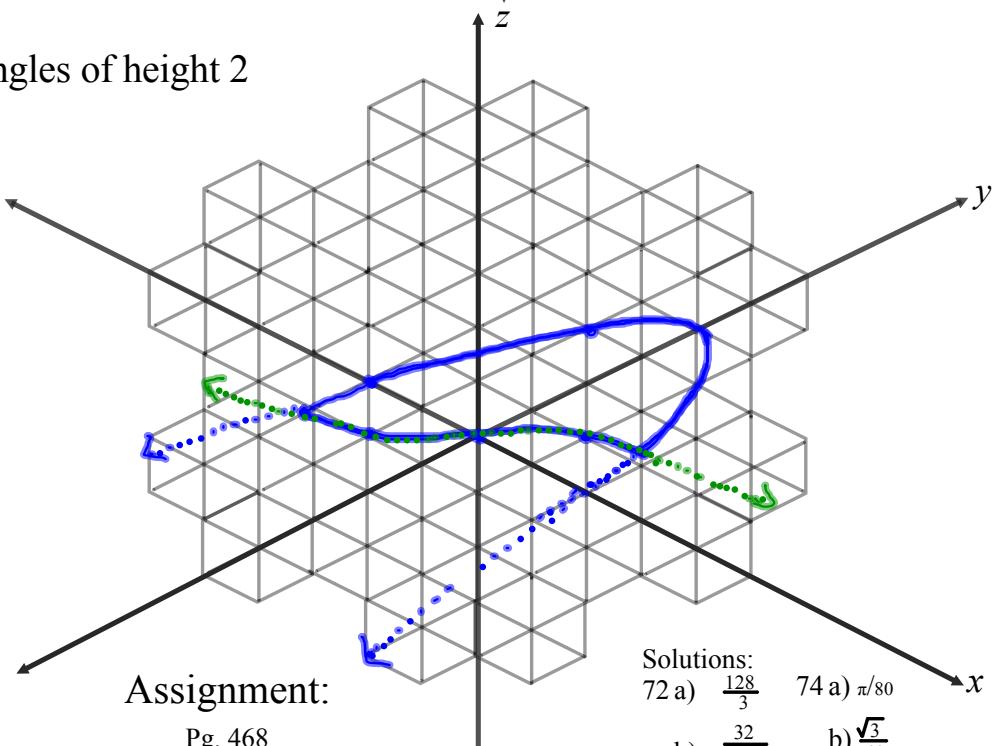
3)  $y = 4 - x^2$  ; equilateral triangular cross-sections,

$y = 0$  perpendicular to the  $x$ -axis.



4)  $y = 4 - x^2$ ; rectangles of height 2

$$y = \sqrt[3]{x}$$



Assignment:

Pg. 468  
71-73 all,  
74 a, b, c

Solutions:  
72 a)  $\frac{128}{3}$       74 a)  $\pi/80$

b)  $\frac{32}{\sqrt{3}}$       b)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{40}$

c)  $\frac{16\pi}{3}$       c)  $\pi/20$

d)  $\frac{32}{3}$